# DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

## EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

Law Offices

## KELLER AND HECKMAN

1001 G STREET, N.W.
SUITE 500 WEST
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20001
TELEPHONE (202) 434-4100
TELEX 49 95551 "KELMAN"
TELECOPIER (202) 434-4646

Boulevard Louis Scenidt 87 B-1040 Brussels Telephone 32(2) 732 52 80 Telecopier 32(2) 732 53 92

November 22, 1993

JOSEPH E. KELLER
JEROME H. HECKMAN
WILLIAM H. BORGHESANI, JR.
MALCOLIM D. MACATHUR
WAYNE V. BLACK
TERRENCE D. JONES
MARTIN W. BERCOVICI
JOHN S. ELDRED
WILLIAM L. KOWACS
CAROLE C. HARRIS
RAYMOND A. KOWALSKIP
MICHAEL F. MORRONE
MARK FOX EVENS
JOHN B. RICHARDS
JEAN SAVIGNYYO
JOHN B. DUBECK
PETER L. DE LA CRUZ
CHRISTINE M. GILL
MELVIN S. DROZEN
SHIRLEY S. FUJIMOTO
LAWRENCE P. HALPRIN

RALPH A. SIMMONS
PETER A. SUSSER
C. DOUG LAS AMPRET
SHELLA A. MILLAR
PATRICK J. HURD
GEORGE G. MISKO
GAREN E. DODGE
DAVID I. READER
S. CRAIG TAUTFEST
MARK A. SIEVERS
MICHAEL R. BENNET
THOMAS R. MOUNTEE
DAVID G. SARVADIP
CATHERINE R. NIELSEN
KRIS ANNE MONTEITH
ELLIOT BELILOS
MARK J. HURDIS J.
SROWIT, ASPAS, JR.
SROWI

\*NOT ADMITTED IN D.C. \*RESIDENT BRUSSELS ARTHUR S. GARRETT III
RICK D. RHODES
LESLIE E. SILVERMAN
FRANK C. TORRES III
BRYANT ROBINSON III
JOSEPH M. SANDRI, JR.
ELIZABETH F. NEWBILL\*O
TAMARA Y. DAVIS
ROBERT H. G. LOCKWOOD
KENNETH D. WOODROW\*
CAROL MOORS TOTH
JOAN C. SYLVAIN\*
MARTHA PELLEGRINI\*
BARRY J. ONLSON\*
DONALD T. WURTH
DAVID B. BERRY
STEPHEN V. KENNEY
S. DEBORAH ROSEN\*
DAVID R. JOY\*

SCIENTIFIC STAFF
DANIEL S. DIXLER, PH. D.
CHARLES V. BREDER, PH. D.
ROBERT A. MATHEWS, PH. D.
JOHN P. MODDERMAN, PH. D.
HOLLY HUTMIRE FOLEY
JUSTIM C. POWELL, PH. D.
JANETTE HOUK, PH. D.
LESTER BORODINSKY, PH. D.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEER CHARLES F. TURNER

WRITER'S DIRECT DIAL NUMBER (202) 434-4210

William F. Caton
Acting Secretary
Federal Communications Commission
1919 M Street, N.W.
Room 222
Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: MM Docket No. 92-265

Program Access Proceeding

VIA HAND DELIVERY

RECEIVED

NOV 2 2 1993

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dear Mr. Caton:

On behalf of our client, the National Rural Telecommunications Cooperative ("NRTC"), enclosed please find copies of a written "Ex Parte Presentation" submitted this date to the following Commission officials in connection with NRTC's pending Petition for Reconsideration in the above-captioned proceeding.

The Honorable Ervin S. Duggan Commissioner

John Hollar Senior Legal Advisor to the Honorable Ervin S. Duggan

Roy J. Stewart. Chief, Mass Media Bureau

William H. Johnson Deputy Chief, Mass Media Bureau

Alexandra Wilson Acting Chief, Cable Division Mass Media Bureau

No. of Copies rec'd D+1
List ABCDE

William F. Caton November 22, 1993 Page 2

> Bruce A. Romano Deputy Chief Policy and Rules Division Mass Media Bureau

Diane L. Hofbauer Attorney Advisor Office of Legislative Affairs

James R. Coltharp Economist, Policy Analysis Branch Mass Media Bureau

David H. Solomon Assistant General Counsel Administrative Law Division Office of General Counsel

Jackie Chorney Staff Attorney Administrative Law Division Office of General Counsel

Two copies of the "Ex Parte Presentation" and covering correspondence are enclosed for inclusion in the public record of this proceeding.

Should you have any questions or concerns, please contact the undersigned.

Sincerely,

**y**ohn B. Richards

Attachments

# EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

LAW OFFICES

#### KELLER AND HECKMAN

1001 G STREET, N.W.
SUITE 500 WEST
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20001
TELEPHONE (202) 434-4100
TELEX 49 95551 "KELMAN"
TELECOPIER (202) 434-4646

Boulevand Louis Scenidt 87 B-1040 Beussels Telephone 32(2) 732 52 80 Telecopies 32(2) 732 53 92

November 22, 1993

JOSEPH E. KELLER
JEROME H. HECKMAN
WILLIAM H. BORGHESANI, JR.
MALCOLM D. MAGATHUR
WAYNE V. BLACK
TERRENCE D. JONES
MARTIN W. BERCOVICI
JOHN S. ELDRED
WILLIAM L. ROYACS
CAROLE C. HARRIS
RAYMOND A. KOMALSKI\*
MICHAEL F. MORRONE
MARK FOX EVENS
JOHN B. RICHARDS
JEAN SAVIGNY\*
JOHN B. DUBECK
PETER L. BELA CRU
CHRISTINE M. GILL
MELVIN S. DOZEN
SHIRLEY S. FUJIMOTO
LAWRENCE P. HALPRIN

RALPH A. SIMMONS
PETER A. SUSSER
C. DOUSLAS JARRETT
SHOLA A. MILLAR
PATRICK J. HURD
GEORGE G. MISKO
GARGER E. DOOGE
DANIO I. READER
S. CRAIS TAUTPEST
MARK A. SIEVERS
MICHAEL R. BENNET.
THOMAS R. MOUNTEER
DAVID S. ARMADIS
CATHERINER R. HELBEN
KNIS ANNE MONTEITH
ELLIOT BELLIOS
MARK L. TIRKO
JEANHANT T. ASPENDIN
JEANHANT T. ASPENDIN
BRIANT Y. ASPENDIN
T. PHILLIPS SECK

\*NOT ADMITTED IN D.C.

ARTHUR S. GARRETT III
RICK D. RHODES
LESLIE E. SILVERMAN
FRANK C. TORRES III
SCYNNT ROSINSON III
JOSKITH N. SANDR. JR.
TAMARA Y. DAVIS
ROBERT H. G. LOCKWOOD
KENNETH D. WOODROW\*
CAROL MOORS TOTH
JOAN C. SYLVAIN\*
MARTHA PELLEGRINI\*
BARRY J. ONLEON\*
DOMALD T. WURTH
DAVID S. SERRY
STEPHEN Y. KENNEY
STEPHEN Y. KENNEY
SAVID R. J.

SCIENTIFIC STAFF
DANIEL S. DIXLER, PH. D.
CHARLES V. BREDER, PH. D.
ROSERT A. MATHEWS, PH. D.
JOHN P. MODDERNAN, PH. D.
HOLLY HUTMIRE FOLEY
JUSTIN C. POWELL, PH. D.
JANETTE HOUK, PH. D.
LESTER BORODINSKY, PH. D.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEER CHARLES F. TURNER

WRITER'S DIRECT DIAL NUMBER (202) 434-4210

The Honorable Ervin S. Duggan Commissioner Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Room 832 Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: MM Docket No. 92-265

Program Access Proceeding

VIA HAMD DELIVERY

RECEIVED

NOV 2 2 1993

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dear Commissioner Duggan:

Following up on our earlier "Ex Parte" meeting in regard to our client NRTC's pending <u>Petition for Reconsideration</u> in the above-captioned proceeding, enclosed please find a written "Ex Parte Presentation" that addresses the issue of exclusive programming arrangements between DBS operators and vertically-integrated cable programmers. As you know, we believe that such arrangements are prohibited by the Cable Act and are contrary to the public interest in developing a competitive DBS marketplace.

I hope that you will find this material to be helpful. Should you have any questions or concerns, by all means please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

John B. Richards

Enclosure

cc: John Hollar

Senior Legal Advisor

to the Honorable Ervin S. Duggan

RECEIVED NOV 2 2 1993

Law Offices

## KELLER AND HECKMAN

1001 G STREET, N.W. SUITE 500 WEST Washington, D.C. 20001 TELEPHONE (202) 434-4100 TELEX 49 95551 "KELMAN" Telecopier (202) 434-4646

BOULEVARD LOUIS SCHNIDT 87 B-1040 BRUSSELS TELEPHONE 32(2) 732 52 80 TELECOPIER 32(2) 732 53 92

November 22, 1993

JOSEPH E. KELLER
JEROME H. HECKMAN
WILLIAM H. BORGHESANI, JR.
MALCOLM D. HACARTHUR
WILLIAM W. BERCOVICI
JOHN S. ELDRED
WILLIAM L. ROVACS
CAROLE C. HARRIS
RAYMOND A. KOWALSKIP
MICHAEL F. MORRONE
MARK FOR EVENS
JOHN S. RICHAROS
JOHN S. RICHAROS
JOHN S. RICHAROS
JOHN S. RICHAROS
CONNECTED W. GILL
MELVIN S. DROZEN
SNIRLEY S. FUJIMOTO
LAWRENCE P. HALPRIN

RALPH A. SIMMONS PETER A. SUSSER C. DOUGLAS JARRETT SHEILA A. MILLAR PATRICK J. HURD GEORGE G. MISKO GAREN E. DODGE DAVID I. READER S. CRAIG TAUTEST MARK A. SIGVERS SONTIO I. READER
S. CRAIG TAUTFEST
MARK A. SIEVERS
MICHAEL R. BENNET
THOMAS R. MOUNTEER
DAVID G. SARVADIP
CATHERINE R. NIELSEN
KRIS ANN MONTEITH
MARK L. ITZKOFF
JEAN-PHILIPPE MONTFORT\*O
ARCHIE L. HARRIS, JR.
BRIAN T. ASHBY
T. PHILLIPS BECK

NOT ADMITTED IN D.C.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

PEDERA COMMINICATIONS CUMMS

ARTHUR S. GARRET DETICE OF THE PERTITARY
RICK D. RHODES
RESILE S. SILVERMAN
FRANK C. TORRES III
BATYANT ROBINSON IIR.
ELIZABETH F. NEWBILL\*O
TAMARA Y. DAWIS
ROBERT A. MEWBILL\*O
TAMARA Y. DAWIS
ROBERT A. MATHEWS, P.
JOHN P. MODDERMAN, P.
HOLLY HUTMIRE FOLE
JUSTIN C. POWELL, PM.
JANETTE HOUK, PM.
JANETTE HOUK, PM.
LESTER BORODINSKY, P.
BARRY J. OHLSON'S
STEPHENE, KENNEY
S. DEBORAH ROSEN'
DAVID R. JOY\*

TELECOMMUNICATIONS
ENGINEER
CHARLES F. TURNER

VIA HAND DELIVERY

DANIEL S. DIXLER, PH. D. CHARLES V. BREDER, PH. D. ROBERT A. MATHEWS, PH. D. JOHN P. MODDERMAN, PH. D. HOLLY HUTMIRE FOLEY JUSTIN C. POWELL, PH. D. JANETTE HOUK, PH. D. LESTER BORODINSKY, PH. D.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

VRITER'S DIRECT DIAL NUMBER (202) 434-4210

Roy J. Stewart Chief, Mass Media Bureau Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 823 Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: MM Docket No. 92-265

Program Access Proceeding

Dear Roy:

On behalf of our client, the National Rural Telecommunications Cooperative ("NRTC"), enclosed please find a copy of a written "Ex Parte Presentation" in connection with NRTC's pending Petition for Reconsideration in the abovecaptioned proceeding. The enclosed Ex Parte Presentation addresses the issue of exclusive programming arrangements between DBS operators and vertically-integrated cable programmers. you know, we believe that such arrangements are prohibited by the Cable Act and are contrary to the public interest in developing a competitive DBS marketplace.

We look forward to discussing this issue with you and your staff. Meanwhile, I hope that you will find this material to be helpful.

Should you have any questions or concerns, by all means please feel free to contact me.

Enclosure

cc (w/enc.): William H. Johnson

Alexandra Wilson Bruce A. Romano

LAW OFFICES

#### KELLER AND HECKMAN

1001 G STREET, N.W.
SUITE 500 WEST
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20001
TELEPHONE (202) 434-4100
TELEX 49 95551 "KELMAN"
TELECOPIER (202) 434-4646

Boulevard Louis Schmidt 87 B-1040 Brussels Telephone 32(2) 732 52 80 Telecopier 32(2) 732 53 92

November 22, 1993

JOSEPH E. KELLER
JEROME H. HECKMAN
WILLIAM H. BORGHESANI, JR
MALCOLM D. MACARTHUR
MALCOLM D. MACARTHUR
TERRENCE D. JONES
MARTIN W. BERCOVICI
JOHN S. ELDRED
WILLIAM L. KOVACS
CAROLE C. MARRIS
RAYMOND A. KOWALSKI\*
MICHAEL F. MORRONE
MARK FOR EVENS
JEAN SAVIGNYON
JOHN B. DUBECK
PETER L. DE LA CRUZ
CHRISTINE M. GILL
MELVIN S. DROZEN
SNIRLEY S. FUJIMOTO
LAWRENCE P. HALPRIN

RALPH A. SIMMONS
PETER A. SUSSER
CDDUGLAS JARRETT
STODUGLAS JARRETT
CDDUGLAS JARRETT
CDDUGLAS JARRETT
CDDUGLAS JARRETT
CDDUGLAS JARRETT
CDDUGLAS JARRETT
CDDUGLAS JARRETT
COMMON COMMON

\*NOT ADMITTED IN D.C. ORESIDENT BRUSSELS ARTHUR S. GARRETT III
RICK D. RINDDES
LESLIE E. SILVERMAN
FRANK C. TORRES III
BRYANT ROBINSON III
JOSEPH M. SANDRI, JR.
ELIZABETH F. NEWBILL\*0
TAMARA Y. DAVIS
ROBERT H. G. LOCKWOOD
KENNETH D. WOODROW\*
CAROL MOORS TOTH
JOAN C. SYLVAIN\*
MARTHA PELLEGRIN\*
BARRY J. ONLSON\*
DONALD T. WURTH
DAVID B. BERRY
STEPHEN V. KENNEY
S. DEBORAH ROSEN\*
DAVID R. JOY\*

SCIENTIFIC STAFF
DAMIEL S. DIXLER, PM. D.
CHARLES V. BREDER, PM. D.
ROBERT A. MATHEWS, PH. D.
JOHN P. MODDERMAN, PH. D.
HOLLY HUTMIRE FOLEY
JUSTIN C. POWELL, PM. D.
JANETTE MOUK, PM. D.
LESTER BORODINSKY, PH. D.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEER CHARLES F. TURNER

WRITER'S DIRECT DIAL NUMBER (202) 434-4210

Diane L. Hofbauer Attorney Advisor Office of Legislative Affairs Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 823 Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: MM Docket No. 92-265

Program Access Proceeding

VIA HAND DELIVERY

RECEIVED

NOV 2 2 1993

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dear Diane:

Following up on our earlier "Ex Parte" meeting in regard to our client NRTC's pending <u>Petition for Reconsideration</u> in the above-captioned proceeding, enclosed please find a written "Ex Parte Presentation" that addresses the issue of exclusive programming arrangements between DBS operators and vertically-integrated cable programmers. As you know, we believe that such arrangements are prohibited by the Cable Act and are contrary to the public interest in developing a competitive DBS marketplace.

I hope that you will find this material to be helpful. Should you have any questions or concerns, by all means please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely

John B. Richards

Enclosure

Law Offices

## KELLER AND HECKMAN

1001 G STREET, N.W. SUITE 500 WEST WASHINGTON, D.C. 20001 TELEPHONE (202) 434-4100 Telex 49 95551 "KELMAN" Telecopier (202) 434-4646

BOULEVARD LOUIS SCHMIDT 87 B-1040 BRUSSELS TELEPHONE 32(2) 732 52 80 TELECOPIES 32(2) 732 53 92

November 22, 1993

Joseph E. Keller Jerome H. Heckman William H. Borghesani, Jr. Malcolm D. Magarthur Wayne V. Black MALCOLM D. MACARTHUR
MAYNE V. SLACK
TERRENCE O. JONES
MARTIN W. BERCOVICI
JOHN S. ELDRED
WILLIAM L. KOWACS
CAROLE C. HARRIS
BAYMOND A. KOWALSKI\*
MICHAEL F. MORRONE
MARK FOX EVENS
JEAN SAVIGNY\*
JOHN S. DUBECK
PETER L. DELA CRUZ
CHRISTINE M. GILL
MELVIN S. DROZEN
SHIRLEY S. FUJIMOTO
LAWRENCE P. HALPRIN

RALPH A. SIMMONS
PETER A. SUSSER
C. SOUGLAS JARRETT
SHELLA A. MILLAR
PATRICK J. HURD
SEDRES C. MISKO
GARRIE E. DODE
DAYID I. READER
S. CRIMS TAUTEST
MARK A. SIEVERS
MICHAEL R. SENNET
THOMAS R. MOUNTER
DAVID G. SARVADI'
CATHERISE R. MILLSEN
KRIS ANNE MONTETH
ELLIOT SELLIOS KRIS ANNE MONTEITH
ELLIOT BELILOS
MARK L. ITZKOFF
JEAN-PHILIPPE MONTFORT®
ARCHIE L. MARIS, JR.
BRIAN T. ASHBY
T. PHILLIPS BECK

SNOT ADMITTED IN D.C. ORESIDENT BRUSSELS

ARTHUR S. GARRETT III
RICK D. RHODES
LESLIE E. SILVERMAN
FRANK C. TORRES III
BRYANT ROBINBON III
JOSEPH M. SANDRI, JR.
ELIZABETH F. NEWBILL\*\*
TAMARA Y. DAVIS
ROBERT H. S. LOCKWOOD
RENNETH D. WOODROW\*
CAROL MOORS TOTH
JOAN C. SYLVAIN\*
MARTHA PELLERINI\*
BARRY J. ONLSON\*
DONALD T. WURTH
DAVID B. BERRY
STEPHEN V. KENNEY
S. DEBORAH ROSEN\*

SCIENTIFIC STAFF DANIEL S. DIXLER, PH. D. CHARLES V. BREDER, PH. D. ROBERT A. MATHEWS, PH. D. JOHN P. MODDERMAN, PH. D. HOLLY HUTMIRE FOLEY JUSTIN C. POWELL, PH. D. JANETTE HOUR, PH. D. LESTER BORODINSKY, PH. D.

> TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEER CHARLES F. TURNER

WRITER'S DIRECT DIAL NUMBER (202) 434-4210

James R. Coltharp Economist, Policy Analysis Branch Mass Media Bureau Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Room 314 Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: MM Docket No. 92-265

Program Access Proceeding

VIA HAND DELIVERY

**RECEIVED** 

NOV 22 1993

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dear Jim:

Following up on our earlier "Ex Parte" meeting in regard to our client NRTC's pending Petition for Reconsideration in the above-captioned proceeding, enclosed please find a written "Ex Parte Presentation" that addresses the issue of exclusive programming arrangements between DBS operators and verticallyintegrated cable programmers. As you know, we believe that such arrangements are prohibited by the Cable Act and are contrary to the public interest in developing a competitive DBS marketplace.

I hope that you will find this material to be helpful. Should you have any questions or concerns, by all means please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

John B. Richards

Enclosure

#### LAW OFFICES

### KELLER AND HECKMAN

1001 G STREET, N.W.
SUITE 500 WEST
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20001
TELEPHONE (202) 434-4100
TELEX 49 95551 "KELMAN"
TELECOPIER (202) 434-4846

Boulevard Louis Schmidt 87 B-1040 Brussels Telephone 32(2) 732 52 80 Telecopies 32(2) 732 53 92

November 22, 1993

JOSEPH E. HELLER
JEROME H. MICKHMAN
WILLIAM H. BORGHERANI, JR.
MALCOLM D. MACATTHUR
WAYNE V. BLACK
TERRENCE D. JONES
MARTIN W. BERCOVICI
JOHN S. ELDRED
WILLIAM L. KOWACS
CAROLE C. HARRIS
BAYMOND A. KOWALSKI\*
MICHAELF, MORRONE
MARK POX EYENS
JOHN S. RICHARDS
JEAN BAVIGNY\*\*
JOHN S. RICHARDS
JEAN BAVIGNY\*\*
JOHN S. DUBECK
PETER S. PUJIMOTO
LAWRENCE P. HALPRIN

RALPH A. SIMMONS
PETER A. SUSSER
C. DOUGLAS JARRETT
SMÉILA A. MILLAR
PATRICKI, MURD
GEORGE G. MISKO
GARGH E. DOOGE
DAVID I. READER
S. CRAND TANTFEST
MARK A. SIEVERS
MICHAEL B. SENNET
THOMAS R. MOUNTEER
DAVID G. SARVADIS
CATHERINE R. NIELBEN
KRIS ANNE MONTETTH
ELLIOT SELLIOS
MARKHELIOF MONTFORTS
ARCHIE L. HABRIS, JR.
SRIAN T. SARSY
T. PHILLIPS SECK

\*NOT ADMITTED IN D.C.

ARTHUR S. GARRETT III
RICK D. RHODES
LESLIE E. SILVERHAN
FRANK C. TORRES III
SRYANT ROSINSON III
JOSEPH M. SANDRI, JR.
ELIZABETH P. NEWBILL\*0
TROBERT H. D. WOODROW\*
CAROL MOORS TOTH
JOAN C. STUWNIN
MARTHA PELLEGRINI\*
BARRY J. OMLSON\*
DONALD T. WURTH
DAVID S. BERRY
STEPHEN V. KENNEY
S. DESORAH ROSEN\*
DAVID R. JOY\*

SCIENTIFIC STAFF
DANIEL S. DIXLER. PH. D.
CHARLES V. BREDER. PH. D.
ROBERT A. MATHEWS. PH. D.
JOHN P. MODDERMAN, PH. D.
HOLLY MUTMIRE FOLEY
JUSTIN C. POWELL, PH. D.
JANETTE HOUK, PH. D.
LESTER BORODINSKY, PH. D.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEER CHARLES F. TURNER

writer's direct dial Number (202) 434-4210

David H. Solomon
Assistant General Counsel
Administrative Law Division
Office of General Counsel
Federal Communications Commission
1919 M Street, N.W.
Room 616
Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: MM Docket No. 92-265

Program Access Proceeding

Dear David:

Following up on our earlier "Ex Parte" meeting in regard to our client NRTC's pending <u>Petition for Reconsideration</u> in the above-captioned proceeding, enclosed please find a written "Ex Parte Presentation" that addresses the issue of exclusive programming arrangements between DBS operators and vertically-integrated cable programmers. As you know, we believe that such arrangements are prohibited by the Cable Act and are contrary to the public interest in developing a competitive DBS marketplace.

I hope that you will find this material to be helpful. Should you have any questions or concerns, by all means please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

John B. Richards

Enclosure

VIA HAND DELIVERY

RECEIVED

NOV 2 2 1993

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

LAW OFFICES

### KELLER AND HECKMAN

1001 G STREET, N.W.
SUITE 500 WEST
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20001
TELEPHONE (202) 434-4100
TELEX 49 95551 "KELMAN"
TELECOPIER (202) 434-4646

Boulavard Louis Schmidt 87 B-1040 Brussels Telephone 32(2) 732 52 80 Telecopies 32(2) 732 53 92

November 22, 1993

JOSEPH E. KELLER
JEROME H. HECKMAN
WILLIAM H. BORBHERANI, JR.
MALCOLM D. MAGARTHUR
WAYNE V. BLACK
TERRENCE D. JONES
MARTIN W. BERCOVICI
JOHN S. ELORED
WILLIAM L. KOWACS
CAROLE C. HARRIS
RAYMOND A. KOWALSKIP
MICHAELF, MORRONE
MARK POX EVENS
JOHN S. DUSECK
PETER L. B. LA CRUZ
CHRISTINE M. GILL
MELLY S. FUJIMOTO
LAWRENCE P. MALPRIN

RALPH A. SIMMONS
PETTER A. SUBSER
C. DOUBLAS JARRETT
SHEILA A. MILLAR
PWTRICK J. MULAR
PWTRICK J. MULAR
PWTRICK G. MISKO
GARCH C. DODGE
DAVID I. READER
S. CRAMD TAUTFEST
MARK A. SEVERS
MICHAEL R. SEINET
THOMAS R. MOUNTEER
DAVID G. SARWADI\*
CATHERINE R. MICLSEN
KRIS ANNE MONTEITH
ELLJOT BETLIOS
MARK L. ITZKOPF
JEAN-PHILLIPPE MONTFORT\*
ARCHIE L. HARRIS, JR.
SRIAN T. ASHBY
T. PHILLIPS SECK

\*NOT ADMITTED IN D.C. ORESIDENT BRUSSELS ARTHUR S. GARRETT III
RICK D. RHODES
LESLIS E. SILVERMAN
FRANK C. TORREE III
SRYAMT ROBINSON III
JOSEPH M. SANDRI, JR.
ELIZABETH F. NEWBILL-0
TAMARA Y. DAVIS
ROSERTH M. S. LOCKWOOD
KENNETH D. WOODROW\*
CAROL MOODROW\*
LOAND L. SYLVAIN\*
DAVID A. SPLUSERINI\*
DAVID A. SERRY
STEPHEN V. KENNEY
STEPHEN V. KENNEY
S. DEBORAN ROSEN\*
DAVID R. JOY\*

SCIENTIFIC STAFF
DANIEL S. DIXLER, PH. D.
CMARLES V. BREDER, PH. D.
ROBERT A. MATHEWS, PH. D.
JOHN P. MODDERMAN, PH. D.
HOLLY HUTMIRE FOLEY
JUSTIN C. POWELL, PM. D.
JANETTE HOUK, PH. D.
LESTER BORODINSKY, PH. D.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEER CHARLES F. TURNER

WRITER'S DIRECT DIAL NUMBER (202) 434-4210

Jackie Chorney
Staff Attorney
Administrative Law Division
Office of General Counsel
Federal Communications Commission
1919 M Street, N.W.
Room 832
Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: MM Docket No. 92-265

Program Access Proceeding

VIA HAND DELIVERY

RECEIVED

NOV 2 2 1993

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

#### Dear Jackie:

Following up on our earlier "Ex Parte" meeting in regard to our client NRTC's pending <u>Petition for Reconsideration</u> in the above-captioned proceeding, enclosed please find a written "Ex Parte Presentation" that addresses the issue of exclusive programming arrangements between DBS operators and vertically-integrated cable programmers. As you know, we believe that such arrangements are prohibited by the Cable Act and are contrary to the public interest in developing a competitive DBS marketplace.

I hope that you will find this material to be helpful. Should you have any questions or concerns, by all means please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely.

John B. Richards

**Enclosure** 

# RECEIVED

NOV 22 1993

#### **BEFORE THE**

# **Federal Communications Commission**

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of	)	
Implementation of Sections 12 and 19 of the Cable Television Consumer	) )	MM Docket No. 92-265
Protection and Competition Act of 1992,	)	
Development of Competition and Diversity	)	
in Video Programming Distribution	)	
and Carriage	)	

# Ex Parte Presentation by the National Rural Telecommunications Cooperative

The USSB/Time Warner/Viacom Exclusivity Arrangement is Prohibited by the Cable Act and is Contrary to the Public Interest in Developing a Competitive DBS Marketplace.

- 1. The Commission must not allow the cable industry and one DBS operator to control the development of the entire DBS market.
- 2. There is no public policy benefit for the Commission to prohibit -- in areas <u>not</u> served by cable operators -- only exclusive arrangements involving cable operators.
- 3. Other program delivery technologies have developed without the "benefit" of exclusives arrangements.
- 4. The Primestar Consent Decree made no finding "in any shape, manner or form" as to the legality of the USSB/Time Warner/Viacom deal under the Cable Act.

#### DirecTv/NRTC/USSB

- 1. In April of 1992, the National Rural Telecommunications Cooperative ("NRTC") entered into a DBS distribution agreement with Hughes Communications Galaxy, Inc. ("HCG")/DirecTv to provide DBS services to rural subscribers, many of whom are located in areas not "hardwired" by cable operators. As part of their agreement, HCG is required to obtain certain programming agreements on behalf of NRTC.
- 2. DirecTv is expected to initiate the first DBS service in the United States in early 1994, providing more than 150 channels of video programming directly to households throughout the United States from an FCC-assigned orbital location of 101° W.L. NRTC will market and distribute approximately 20 channels of video programming to rural subscribers generally unserved by cable.<sup>2</sup>
- 3. USSB also will begin operation of its DBS system from the 101° orbital position in 1994, utilizing a five transponder payload located on one of HCG's satellites. USSB will have the capability to offer approximately 30 channels of video programming to consumers. USSB, Time Warner and Viacom have entered into exclusive arrangements for the distribution of HBO, Showtime and other DBS programming throughout the country.

DirecTv and HCG are sister subsidiaries of Hughes Communications, Inc. ("HCI"). HCG has been licensed by the FCC to provide high-powered DBS service. DirecTv is the DBS operating, customer service and programming acquisition arm of the HCI family.

Areas unserved by cable under Section 628(c)(2)(C) of the Cable Act (e.g., the area generally to be served by NRTC's DBS service) comprise a significant portion of the country. Currently, the total non-cabled households in the continental United States is somewhere between 14 and 22 million, according to A.C. Nielsen and Warren Publishing.

#### FCC Program Access Proceeding

- 4. On April 1, 1993, the Commission adopted its <u>First Report and Order</u> ("<u>Report and Order</u>") in the "Program Access" proceeding.<sup>3</sup> The Commission established broad, "technology neutral" rules designed to prohibit discrimination by the cable industry against competing program distribution technologies.
- 5. As part of its new rules, the Commission prohibited exclusive arrangements by a cable operator that prevent a distributor from obtaining programming for distribution to persons located in areas not served by a cable operator. Exclusive arrangements not involving a cable operator, however, are permissible under the new rules. 47 C.F.R. 76.1002(c)(1).
- 6. On July 28, 1993, NRTC filed a <u>Petition for Reconsideration</u> concerning this particular aspect of the <u>Report and Order</u>, pointing out that Section 628(c)(2)(C) of the Cable Act does not proscribe <u>only</u> conduct involving cable operators. All "practices, understandings, arrangements, and activities ... that prevent a multichannel video programming distributor from obtaining such programming ... for distribution to persons in areas not served by a cable operator ... " are prohibited, not just those involving "cable operators". 47 U.S.C. 547(c)(2)(C). NRTC argued that the Commission's new rule allowing exclusive arrangements with non-cable operators is contrary to the plain language of the Cable Act, contrary to the text of the Commission's <u>Report and Order</u>, and contrary

In the Matter of Implementation of Sections 12 and 19 of the Cable Television Consumer Protection and Competition Act of 1992, Development of Competition and Diversity in Video Programming Distribution and Carriage, 8 F.C.C.R 3359 (April 30, 1993).

to the public interest. NRTC urged the Commission to reconsider its rule and to bring it into compliance with the statute.

- 7. On July 14, 1993, Oppositions to NRTC's Petition for Reconsideration were filed by USSB, Time Warner and Viacom, who by that time had entered into their exclusive DBS programming agreements for both "cabled" and "uncabled" areas. On July 28, 1993, NRTC filed its Reply.
- 8. In September of 1993, after the date for filing Oppositions to NRTC's Petition for Reconsideration expired, USSB presented written ex parte presentations to various Commission officials. USSB claimed that its exclusive deal with Time Warner and Viacom is beneficial to the public because there must be "competitive exclusivity" for a healthy DBS marketplace. The Cable Act permits such "competitive exclusivity," according to USSB, as evidenced by the fact that Judge Sprizzo sanctioned the USSB/Time Warner/Viacom arrangement in the Primestar Partners case.
- 9. With less transponder capacity than DirecTv/NRTC, USSB argued that it will suffer competitively if it cannot enter into exclusive programming arrangements with vertically integrated cable programmers. As a result, in USSB's view, it makes "good sense" to allow "competitive exclusivity" within the framework of the DBS industry.
- 10. NRTC disagrees with USSB regarding both the legality and the desirability from a public policy perspective of exclusivity arrangements with vertically integrated cable programmers for the DBS marketplace. Exclusive arrangements between vertically integrated cable programmers and DBS distributors for areas not served by cable operators

are contrary to the plain language and intent of the Cable Act, as well as the public interest.

Exclusive DBS arrangements will not promote the DBS marketplace; they will stifle it.

They will not increase competition; they will suppress it. They will make "good sense" only for the beneficiaries of the exclusive arrangements.

- The Commission must not allow the cable industry and one DBS operator to control the development of the entire DBS market.<sup>4/</sup>
- 11. Notwithstanding passage of the Cable Act, DirecTv at this late date has still been unable to reach an agreement with either Time Warner or Viacom to allow DirecTv and NRTC to distribute the two most popular premium services and the most essential examples of multichannel programming: Time Warner's HBO and Viacom's Showtime.

  Why? Because Time Warner and Viacom entered into exclusive arrangements with USSB. 26
- 12. The USSB/Time Warner/Viacom exclusivity arrangement will permit the cable MSOs to sell an array of critical programming on an exclusive basis to USSB, thus denying DirecTv/NRTC access to the full menu of key programming they must have to attract subscribers. As DirecTv/NRTC and USSB are the only entities expected to provide DBS

See, Joint Amicus Curiae Memorandum of Law of DirecTv, Inc., National Rural Telecommunications Cooperative, Consumer Federation of America and Television Viewers of America, Inc., State of New York, et al v. Primestar Partners L.P., No. 93 Civ. 3868 (JES), July 16, 1993, attached as Attachment C to NRTC's Reply in MM Docket No. 92-265.

As the Commission is well aware, much of the most popular multichannel subscription programming is supplied by companies that are vertically integrated with cable MSOs. Historically, these vertically integrated programmers either have been unwilling to deal with alternative MVPD cable competitors, or have done so only at highly discriminatory rates, terms and conditions. See, 1990 Cable Report at 5020.

service in the foreseeable future, the USSB/Time Warner/Viacom exclusive arrangement will permit the cable industry to "split" the DBS market. USSB will have programming, but limited capacity; DirecTv will have the capacity, but limited programming. The cable monopolies will then face only "hobbled" DBS competitors.

- Warner and Viacom, who thereby set the baseline price for distribution of HBO, Showtime and their other programming in the DBS market. No other DBS provider can obtain this programming from USSB at a better price, or from Time Warner or Viacom at any price. By definition, this "tilts" the DBS playing field in favor of cable. It makes DBS less effective as a competing technology, because it allows the cable industry to structure the playing field of its competitors. Through the use of these exclusive arrangements, the cable industry will control DBS as a competitive force.
- 14. The USSB/Time Warner/Viacom exclusivity arrangement places the future of DBS solely in the hands of vertically integrated cable programmers and USSB. Through these exclusive arrangements, USSB is now the "only deal in town" for DBS distribution of HBO, Showtime and the other "exclusive" programming. Should USSB opt for a "low volume/high margin" or "no service/high cost" approach to DBS, the development of the entire DBS market will be handicapped. Without competitive offerings, the DBS market cannot reach its full potential as an alternative delivery technology serving the American public.
- 15. The success of DBS as a competitive technology must not be dependent on the competitive decisions of huge cable companies and one DBS distributor. To the contrary,

Congress mandated fair access to programming for <u>all</u> competing distributors, so the public would receive the benefits of competition -- not so USSB would receive the benefits of what it calls "competitive exclusivity."

16. NRTC has no more transponder capacity available for its use than does USSB, yet NRTC did not base its business plan on exclusive arrangements with vertically integrated programmers. NRTC plans to offer a wide balance of programming, based upon the concept of Program Access as mandated by the Cable Act. USSB, however, opted for negotiating exclusive arrangements with cable-owned programmers rather than developing a balanced DBS program package of its own. <sup>5/2</sup> Instead of offering a variety of programming alternatives, or the "niche" programming that USSB has touted publicly for years, USSB chose to foreclose competition by entering into exclusive arrangements with Time Warner and Viacom. USSB's approach is contrary to the Cable Act and, if sanctioned by the Commission, would be extremely bad public policy. The DBS industry needs fair access to programming, not exclusive arrangements "blessed" by the cable industry, in order to develop and thrive as a competing technology. <sup>2/2</sup>

See, program offerings attached to USSB ex parte filing.

Tempo (TCI) is licensed to operate a DBS system at 119° W.L. Once DirecTv/NRTC and USSB have been "neutralized" as a competitive force by the use of exclusive arrangements, Tempo would be free to step-in and dominate the DBS market, just as TCI has dominated cable.

- 2. There is no public policy benefit for the Commission to prohibit -- in areas not served by cable operators -- only exclusive arrangements involving cable operators.
- 17. In its <u>Petition for Reconsideration</u>, NRTC challenged only the Commission's rule regarding exclusive arrangements in areas <u>unserved</u> by cable. Congress granted the Commission no discretion regarding exclusive arrangements in areas <u>unserved</u> by cable. Congress prohibited <u>all</u> exclusives in unserved areas, <u>regardless</u> of the technology deployed. In areas served by cable, on the other hand, Congress was more lenient. In those areas, Congress permitted the Commission to make a "public interest" finding in authorizing exclusive arrangements in particular cases. <u>Cf.</u>, 47 U.S.C. 628(c)(2)(C) (areas unserved by cable), 628(c)(2)(D) (areas served by cable).
- 18. The language used by Congress in Section 628(c)(2)(C) and 628(c)(2)(D) is different. Subsection (C) prohibits <u>all</u> exclusives in non-cabled areas, including specifically those involving cable operators. Subsection (D), on the other hand, prohibits <u>only</u> exclusives involving cable operators in cabled areas. By using different language, Congress accomplished different results. In bifurcating its approach to "served" and "unserved" areas, Congress afforded additional protection to those Americans who reside in areas <u>unserved</u> by cable.
- 19. Persons residing in areas <u>un</u>served by cable typically receive far fewer media choices than those who live in cabled areas. Over-the-air terrestrial television stations, as well as alternative distribution technologies -- MMDS, SMATV, and others -- are more limited in rural, unserved areas. <u>All</u> exclusive arrangements were specifically prohibited by

Congress in these unserved areas. "Competitive exclusivity," although recognized by USSB, was never recognized by Congress as an acceptable excuse for an exclusivity arrangement in an unserved area.

- 20. In fact, "competitive exclusivity," the phrase created by USSB, is a misnomer. It is an oxymoron. It is not even a statutorily recognized factor for the Commission to consider in determining whether exclusive arrangements should be permitted in areas served by cable under the "public interest" test required by Section 628(c)(2)(D) of the Cable Act. It most certainly is not a legitimate factor in determining whether the USSB/Time Warner/Viacom arrangement is prohibited by the blanket statutory ban, contained in Section 628(c)(2)(C) of the Act, against all types of exclusive arrangements in unserved areas.
- 21. Program Access under the Cable Act was intended to be "technology neutral."

  It is inconceivable that Congress intended to prohibit -- in areas unserved by cable -- only exclusive arrangements involving cable operators. These areas, after all, are not served by cable. "Cable operator exclusives" are generally not a problem in unserved areas.

  Congress did not intend to "fix" a problem that does not exist. Rather, Congress fixed a problem that does exist: exclusive arrangements that prevent an MVPD from obtaining programming in areas not served by a cable operator.
- 22. It is equally "silly," from a public policy perspective, to prohibit cable operators from entering into exclusive arrangements that block the distribution of programming to competing technologies, but to allow vertically integrated cable programmers (such as Time Warner and Viacom) to do so. Time Warner and Viacom are

cable operators. They own and control cable systems, which is what makes them vertically integrated! There is no bona fide policy reason why vertically integrated cable programmers and cable operators should not both be covered by the Congressional ban against exclusive arrangements in unserved areas.

- 3. Other program delivery technologies have developed without the "benefit" of exclusive arrangements.
- Showtime originally refused to deal with NRTC. Notwithstanding NRTC's offer of an advance purchase of \$1,000,000 each, HBO and Showtime continued to disallow access to their programming services by NRTC as a TVRO distributor. By 1987, however, Congress drew the line. HBO, Showtime and others were forced by Congressional pressure to make their product available to NRTC for TVRO distribution. Today, HBO/Showtime license broadly within the TVRO market and many distributors compete over price and service through creative packaging. TVRO program providers have been able to distinguish their services through various packaging, service and other offerings. This type of competition has led to consumer benefit.
- 24. While multiple distributors now compete in C-Band, USSB claims that it cannot compete in DBS if Hughes and NRTC have fair access to programming.

  "Exclusives," however, are not necessary in the DBS market and would be counterproductive from a public interest perspective. USSB is not entitled to receive special treatment.

- 25. Congressional interest in Program Access must override USSB's interest in blocking competition. In Section 628(c)(2)(C), Congress placed <u>all</u> distributors on a level playing field with respect to accessing cable owned programming services. USSB has no right to block DBS competitors through exclusivity arrangements with the cable industry.
- 4. The Primestar Consent Decree made no finding "in any shape, manner or form" as to the legality of the USSB/Time Warner/Viacom deal under the Cable Act.
- 26. In its ex parte filing, USSB presented several quotations from the Primestar transcript, claiming that Judge Sprizzo and 40 State Attorneys General supported the USSB/Time Warner/Viacom deal as being consistent with the requirements of the Cable Act. Such a representation is a mischaracterization of the Primestar record.
- 27. Judge Sprizzo entered the Consent Decrees <u>despite</u>, not <u>because of</u>, the Cable Act. The Decrees were approved by the Judge specifically because they had a "savings clause" which made clear that the Decrees did not supersede the requirements of the Cable Act.
- 28. Relying on the savings clause, Judge Sprizzo could not have been more adamant during the Primestar hearing in emphasizing the limited scope of his decision. He

USSB unsuccessfully lobbied on the side of the cable programmers in opposing the Program Access provisions of the Cable Bill. Now these efforts have apparently been "rewarded" by Time Warner and Viacom with exclusivity arrangements.

In its own filing in that proceeding, the Commission noted that significant issues had been raised in the Program Access proceeding regarding exclusive contracts under the Cable Act. The Commission expressed its own concerns regarding the proposed Decrees.

was unequivocal in <u>repeatedly</u> warning all parties that his actions should <u>not</u> be construed at the FCC or elsewhere as supporting any particular exclusivity arrangements:

If I approve this decree, I am indicating no opinion whatsoever in any shape, manner or form with respect to whether exclusive contracts do or do not conform with the Cable Act. (Trans., p. 22)

There is nothing in this decree that binds the FCC in any way or binds you in any way, nor should any finding I make in approving this decree be taken in any shape, manner or form as any imprimatur of approval or any suggestion that the particular exclusive contracts are lawful or unlawful. (Trans., p. 23)

If I choose to approve this decree, as I think I will, I am not suggesting in any shape, manner or form that exclusive contracts with orbital providers or the price determinations are lawful. I will say that for the record, so that if they try to use it, you can say Judge Sprizzo has said specifically that, in approving the decree, he is adhering to principles of federalism and therefore allowing the State Attorneys General to decide what they think to be appropriate, without unnecessary judicial interference. (Trans., p. 30)

Whatever I have done in approving this decree is not in any way a finding by this Court that any conduct challenged in the future, either in the Courts or at the FCC in an administrative hearing, is lawful by virtue of the fact that the Court has signed this decree.

29. In light of these direct and unequivocal instructions, it is surprising that USSB would ignore Judge Sprizzo's admonitions and argue that he somehow intended to sanction the USSB/Time Warner/Viacom deal. He did nothing of the sort. In fact, he repeatedly emphasized just the opposite.

#### **CONCLUSION**

30. The USSB/Time Warner/Viacom exclusivity arrangement is prohibited by the Cable Act in areas unserved by cable operators and would stifle the development of the DBS market. The Commission must not allow the cable industry and one DBS operator to

- 13 -

control DBS as a competitive force. The DBS industry needs fair access to programming, not exclusive arrangements "blessed" by the cable industry, in order to develop and thrive as a competing technology.

Dated: November 19, 1993

- 13 -

control DBS as a competitive force. The DBS industry needs fair access to programming, not exclusive arrangements "blessed" by the cable industry, in order to develop and thrive as a competing technology.

Dated: November 19, 1993